Cane Toad *Rhinella marina* on Naro Island, Masbate province, Bicol peninsula, Philippines

Cyrus Job P. DELA CRUZ & Francis Gregor P. ABUID
cyrusjob.delacruz@bicol-u.edu.ph (Dela Cruz), franz.abuid@gmail.com (Abuid)

**Observers**: Cyrus Job P. Dela Cruz, Francis Gregor P. Abuid.
**Photograph by**: Cyrus Job P. Dela Cruz.
**Subject identified by**: Cyrus Job P. Dela Cruz, Rafe M. Brown.

**Location**: Barangay Tugbungan, Naro Island, Cawayan, Masbate. (N 11.899311, E 123.674350)
**Elevation**: 1 metre.
**Habitat**: Grassy area, in a residential area near the coast.
**Date and time**: 19 October 2018, evening.


**Description of record**: On the evening of 19 October 2018, two (2) adult individuals of Cane Toad were documented in an area of low grass, next to a house in Barangay Tugbungan, Naro Island.

**Remarks**: The Cane Toad was identified based on (i) large, triangular, swollen parotid glands, (ii) cranial ridges are well-developed and (iii) skin with irregularly scattered warts (Blair, 1956).

*Rhinella marina* is an introduced species in the Philippines (Diesmos et al. 2006) geographically distributed in Alabat, Bohol, Calayan, Catanduanes, Cebu, Cocomo, Dinagat, Gigantes Norte, Leyte, Lubang, Luzon, Marinduque,
Masbate, Mindanao, Mindoro, Negros, Palawan, Panay, Polillo, Romblon Island Group, Sicogon, Samar, Ticao, Verde (Diesmos et al. 2015).

This record of *Rhinella marina* is considered a new distributional record for Naro Island.

**References:**

